

- 'ōhi'a staying in the shade [of flawless beauty; this tree grows in forests].
- 'ō.hi'a 'ā.hihi. See 'āhihi 1.
- 'ō.hi'a 'ai ke'o.ke'o. n. A rare form of 'ōhi'a 'ai (*Eugenia malaccensis* f. *cericarpa*) with white blossoms and white fruit.
- 'ō.hi'a 'ā.pane. Same as 'ōhi'a *lehua* except that the blossom is dark-red. Perhaps the name refers to the redness of the 'apapane, a bird.
- 'ō.hi'a hā. Same as hā 7, a native species of *Eugenia* (*E. sandwicensis*, Neal 635), reported by Thrum as *kauokahiki* and by Rock as *pā'ihī* (Maui).
- 'ō.hi'a hā.keā. Same as 'ōhi'a *kea*.
- 'ō.hi'a hā.mau. Same as *lehua hāmau*.
- 'ō.hi'a haole. n. Tomato. See 'ōhi'a *lomi*.
- 'ō.hi'a kea. n. An 'ōhi'a 'ai or 'ōhi'a *lehua* with white blossoms.
- 'ō.hi'a kō. n. 'Ōhi'a log dragged (*kō*) from the uplands to the sea to be made into a canoe.
- 'ōhi'a kō. n. A native filmy fern (*Mecodium recurvum*) with narrow, subdivided fronds, to 30 cm long, growing on trees in damp forests. *Lit.*, standing [on] 'ōhi'a.
- 'ō.hi'a kō ma kua. Same as 'ōhi'a *lehua*.
- 'ō.hi'a Laka. n. A legendary 'ōhi'a tree that bore only two flowers, a red one on an eastern branch and a white one on the western branch; the wood was believed endowed with *mana*.
- 'ō.hi'a *lehua*. See *lehua*.
- 'ō.hi'a *lehua pua.keā*. n. An 'ōhi'a *lehua* with white flowers.
- 'ō.hi'a leo. n. A poetic name for 'ōhi'a 'ai. *Lit.*, voice 'ōhi'a, so called because these fruit trees were not taboo. Cf. *lehua hāmau*.
- 'ō.hi'a loka. n. The rose apple (*Eugenia jambos*), a tree from tropical Asia, to about 9 m high, bearing round, crisp, edible fruits 2.5 cm or more in diameter, which are yellowish and pink and have a roselike odor. (Neal 635.) *Lit.*, rose (Eng.) 'ōhi'a.
- 'ō.hi'a *lomi*. n. The common table tomato (*Lycopersicon esculentum* var. *commune*), sometimes used for *lomi* salmon. (Neal 747-8); called 'ōhi'a on Ni'ihau.
- 'ō.hi'a ma ka nahole. n. The currant tomato (*Lycopersicon pimpinellifolium*), resembling the common table tomato but with small round red fruits only about 1.3 cm in diameter. A native of Peru, it has long been growing wild in Hawai'i. *Lit.*, 'ōhi'a in the brush. (Neal 478.)
- 'ō.hi'a 'ula. n. An 'ōhi'a 'ai with red fruit.
- 'ō.hi'a 'ula.ula. n. Similar to 'ōhi'a *lehua puakea* but with red flowers. (For. 5:623.)
- 'ohi hā.puku. See *hāpuku* 2.
- 'ohi'i.kau. n. A hold in *lua* fighting.
- 'ohi.kau. nvi. To listen in order to gossip; to gossip; a gossip.
- 'ō.hiki. 1. vt. To probe, pry, pick out; to prod, as the earth with a digging stick; to shell, as peas; to pick, as the teeth or nose; to clean out, as the ears. 2. n. Sand crab, probably *Ocypode ceratophthalma* and *O. laevis*. *Lua 'ōhiki* (For. 6:80), sand crab hole [said of a house improperly placed and open on all sides to attack, as a crab hole, by sickness or misfortune]. 3. n. Tapa design.
- 'ō.hiki 'au moana. n. Crabs found in the open ocean, possibly of the genera *Planes* or *Pachygrapsus* (*P. marinus*). *Lit.*, ocean-swimming 'ōhiki.
- 'ō.hiki.hiki. Redup. of 'ōhiki 1; to pry into the past, especially an unsavory past. Cf. *lā'au 'ōhikihiki niho*.
- 'ō.hiki maka loa. n. 1. A variety of edible crab (no data). *Lit.*, long-eyed 'ōhiki. 2. (Cap.) Name of a stroke in *lua* fighting.
- 'ō.hiki niho. n. Toothpick.
- 'ohi.kui. vi. To talk ramblingly.
- 'ō.hila. vs. Somewhat ashamed, shy. See *hila*.
- 'ohi loa'a. nv. To collect revenue; revenue collection.
- 'ohina. n. Gathering, collecting; selection. Cf. 'aupapa and 'ohi, to pick. *Ho'okahi nō 'ohina, piha ku'u 'eke*
- kālena* (old sailor's song), only one collecting, my coin purse is full.
- 'ō.hinu. 1. nvs. Shiny, greasy; piece of roasted meat; roast; grease. *Ka 'ōhinu lele uahi manu ē* (chant), the grease coming from the bird smoke. 2. vt. To roast or broil lightly. (For. 5:277.)
- 'ō.hinu.hinu. Redup. of 'ōhinu.
- 'ō.hio. vi. Gusty, windy; to let wind. *Fig.*, uncertain, vague, flighty. Cf. *hihio*. 'O ka mea i ho'olālā 'ia, ke 'ōhio nei nō, the plan is still vague.
- ohi.ohi. 1. nvi. To grow vigorously, flourish; young shoots, as of *wauke* (Kam. 76:110) or from natural layering of *olonā* branches on fallen trunks. *Ulu ohiohi nā lehua o Pana-'ewa i ka mili 'ia e ka ua Kani-lehua* (song), the *lehua* of Pana-'ewa grow splendidly, constantly fondled by the *lehua*-drinking rain. *Ua like nō ke kanu 'ana (o ke olonā) me ke kanu 'ana o ka wauke, he ohiohi kekahi, he mauwā kahiko kekahi; he pālaha na'e kona i lalo, a ma ka lālā e ulu kākiwi a'e ai*, the planting (of *olonā*) was like the planting of *wauke*, some (slips) were young shoots, some (from) fallen trunks; but they spread downward, and from the branches layerings grew. 2. vs. To show, of wood grain.
- 'ohi.'ohi. Redup. of 'ohi 1, 2. (PCP *ko(f,s)iko(f,s)i*.)
- 'ohi.'ohia. Redup. of 'ohia.
- 'ō.hi'o.hi'o. 1. vs. Tipsy. Cf. *kāhi'o*. 2. n. A seaweed.
- 'ō.hipa. Var. of 'ōhepa.
- 'ohi.pua. Same as *pua'ohi*, to chatter.
- 'ō.hi'u. 1. Same as 'ōhiki; to dig up the past, especially past sins of others. 2. nvt. Stick used as a needle in thatching; to thatch thus.
- 'ō.hi'u.hi'u. 1. Redup. of 'ōhi'u. 2. Var. name for blue *uhu*, parrot fish, so called at Ka-wai-hae, Hawai'i.
- 'ō.hi'u niho. n. Toothpick. *Lit.*, probe tooth.
- 'ohi wauke. n. Bundle of *wauke* bark.
- oho. nvi. 1. Hair of the head; leaves of plants; fronds of ferns (see ex., 'ūpalu); to leaf out, sprout. Cf. *lauoho*. *Oho kā ho'i ka ulu 'ana o ka palai*, the ferns are growing and sending out leaves. 2. To call out, cry, yell; out-cry; to leap up, as startled birds. *Ke oho 'ālana* (For. 6:377), the proclaimed offering. ho.'ō.ho. To exclaim, cheer, shout, halloo. (Puk. 24.3.) Cf. *ho'ōhooho* below and *kiko ho'ōho*. 'Ōlelo ho'ōho, interjection, exclamation, whoop. (PPN *ofo*.)
- oho.hia. Pas/imp. of *oho* 2; enthusiasm; enthusiastic, delighted, pleased; enthusiastic acclaim.
- oho.ku'i. n. Wig, switch. *Lit.*, added hair.
- ō.hole.hole. Same as *āholehole*, a fish. *Rare*.
- 'ō.holi. Same as *holi* 1, 2.
- oho lupa.lupa. 1. vs. Abundant, luxuriant, as plants or hair tresses; lush. 2. n. Name of a tapa design.
- 'ō.homa. Same as *homa* 1-3.
- 'ō.hono.hono. nvs. Slightly offensive odor, as of bog, marsh. Cf. *honohono*.
- ohoho. Redup. of *oho* 2; to acclaim. ho.'ō.hoho. Redup. of *ho'ōho*. (Hal. 41.11.) (PPN *ofofo*.)
- 'ō.hope.hope.ke'a. vi. To begin to form, of tubers (Kep. 87). *Rare*.
- 'ohu. nvs. Mist, fog, vapor, light cloud on a mountain; adorned as with leis. *Hui 'ia ke 'ala me ke onaona i lei 'ohu nou, ē Ka-lani* (name song for Lili'u-o-ka-lani), combined are fragrance and sweetness into a lei to adorn you, O Queen. hō'ohu. To form mist; misty, etc. (PNP *kofu*.)
- 'ō.hū. nvi. Swelling, as of the sea, especially a small comber that rises without breaking, but of sufficient strength to speed a surfboard; protuberance, bump on the head; hillock, knoll, elevation; to swell, rise in a lump, protrude; to rise, of a wave before it breaks. hō.'ō.hū. Caus/sim.
- 'ō.hua. 1. n. Retainers, dependents, servants, inmates, members (of a family), visitors or sojourners in a household; passengers, as on a ship. 2. n. Young of such fish as *hīnālea*, *humuhumu*, *kala*, *kūpou*, *manini*, *pualu*, *uhu*; also the ornate wrasse (*Halichoeres orna-*